

# **AGENDA**



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Chris Schutte
Chief Executive Officer



# **BUSINESS OVERVIEW**

#### **SALIENT POINTS**

- Feed input costs increased over the period on higher maize prices, following poor yields and a smaller crop for 2019
- Poultry production efficiencies on farm were maintained in line with performance forecasts
- Poultry selling prices increased for the period under review, leading to a partial recovery of higher input costs
- Extraordinary costs linked to load shedding, the legislated national minimum wage and the on-going Standerton water supply contingency
- COVID-19 costs late March; on-going impact into 2H2020 under the nationwide lockdown complying with health and safety requirements
- Good start to the 2020 maize planting season with production prospects for the crop exceeding 15 million tons (2019: 11.3 mmt)



#### **KEY FINANCIAL INDICATORS**

Revenue



Profit before interest and tax @ R546 million



Profit for the period @ R371 million



■ Headline earnings per share @ 951 cps



No interim dividend declared



#### **DIVISIONAL OVERVIEW**

### **Poultry**

- Feeding cost increased
- Bird performance improvement
- Broiler sales volumes down
- Broiler sales realisations up
- Extraordinary cost impacts

#### **Feed**

- Raw material costs up
- Less internal feed required
- External sales volumes up
- Expenses well controlled
- Improved Rand per ton margin

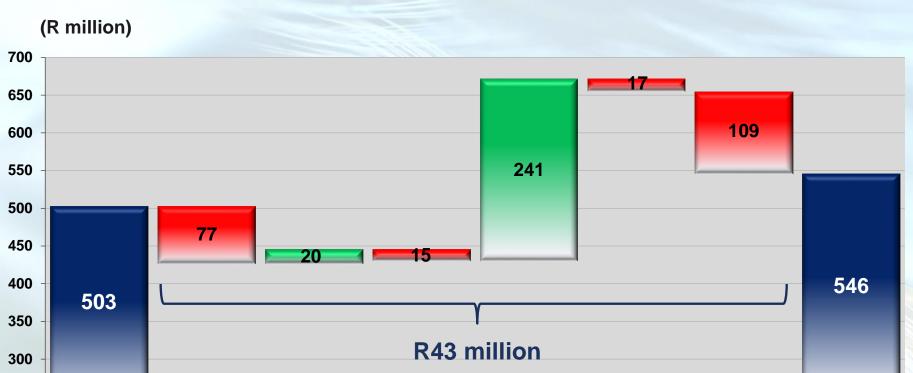
#### **Other Africa**

Higher profits from the Mozambique operations



Other

### THE PERIOD IN PERSPECTIVE



**Broiler sales** 

volumes

**Broiler selling** 

prices

Extraordinary

costs



**PBIT H1 F2019** 

Raw material cost

Feed conversion

efficiency

250

**PBIT H1 F2020** 



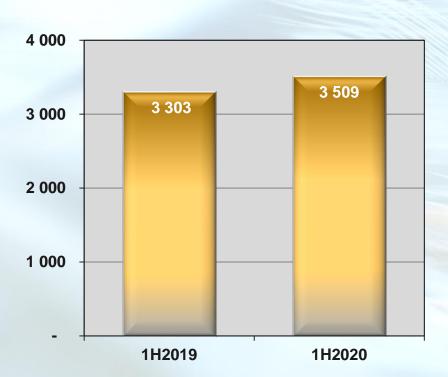


Andy Crocker Managing Director: Commercial

# FEED

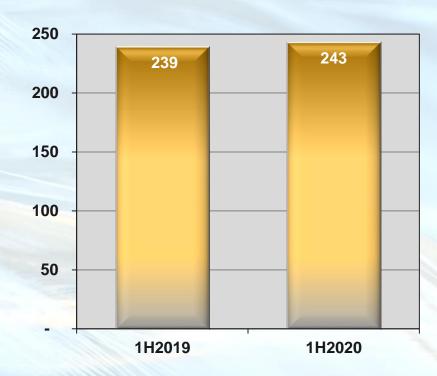
#### **FEED DIVISION**

#### **Revenue - R million**



- Revenue up 6.2%
  - Raw material costs up
  - Average selling prices up 6.8%
  - Sales volumes down 0.5%

#### **Operating profit - R million**



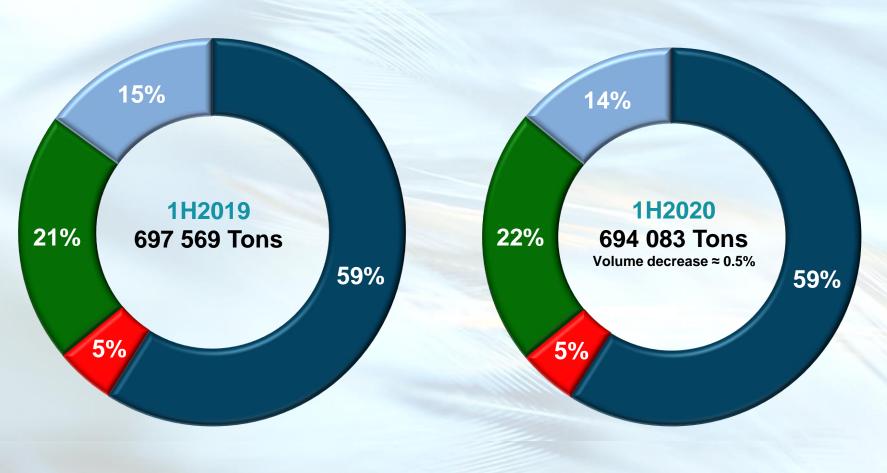
- Operating profit up 1.7%
  - Net margin 6.9% 1H2019: 7.2%
  - Expenses well controlled
  - Rand per ton margin up



- SAFEX yellow maize prices increased for the period under review 1H2020 avg. R2 703 per ton (1H2019: R2 579) up R124 per ton y-o-y
- Internal feed sales volumes decreased marginally by 1.2% due to improved broiler feed conversion rates
- External feed sales volumes increased by 0.5% predominantly in the dairy market despite the higher feed prices
- Expenses were well controlled across the division for the period under review
- The average net margin increased (on a Rand per ton basis) for the period under review



# FEED DIVISION - SALES MIX





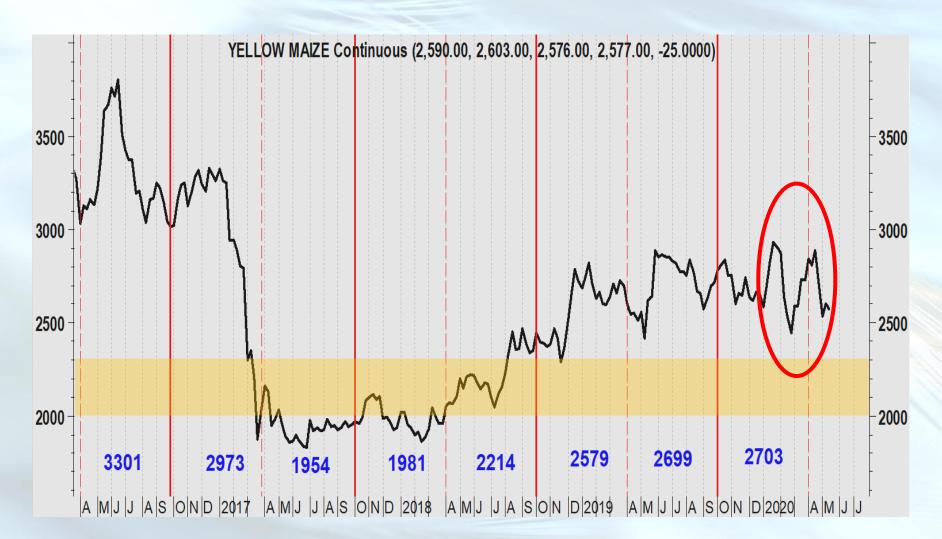






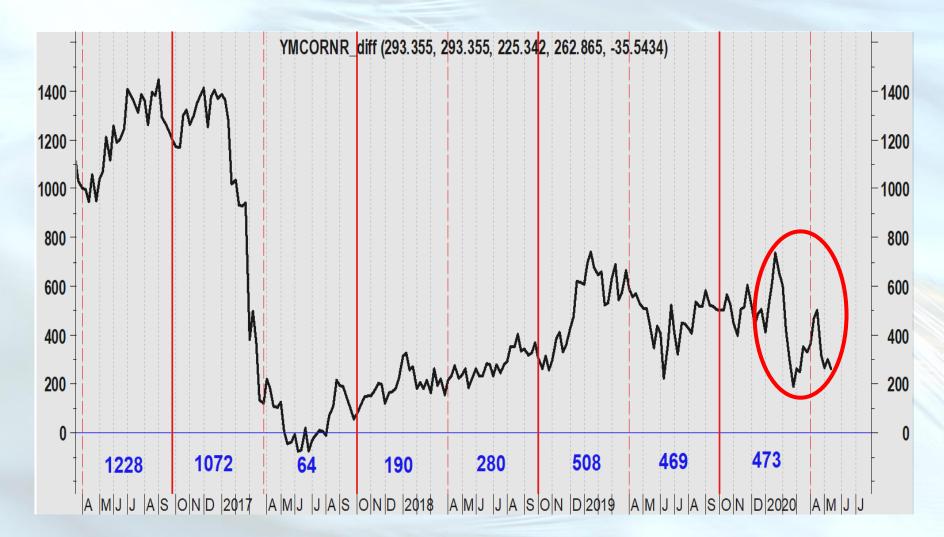


#### **SAFEX YELLOW MAIZE PRICE**



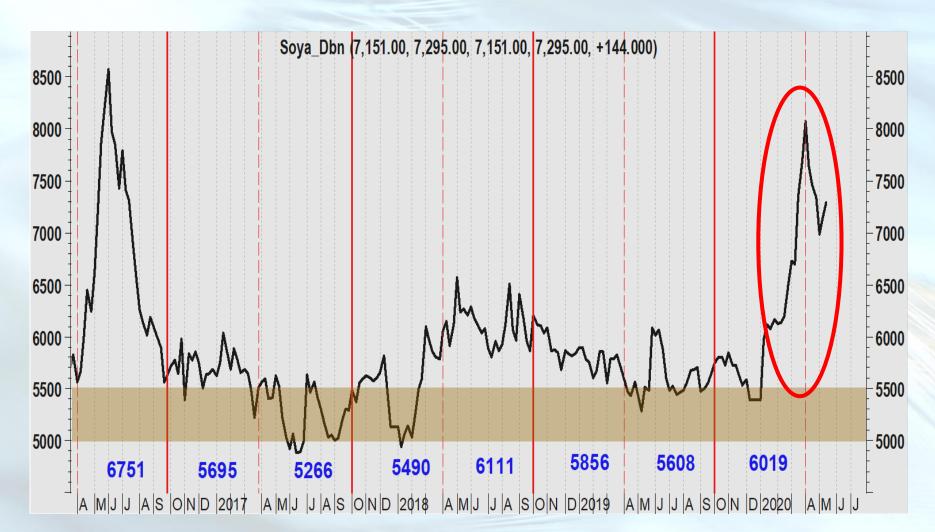


#### SAFEX YELLOW MAIZE PRICE vs. CBOT IN RAND TERMS





#### **DURBAN SOYA MEAL PRICE**

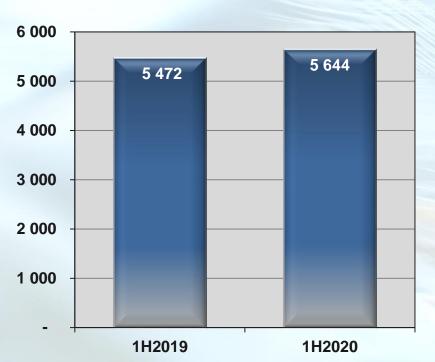






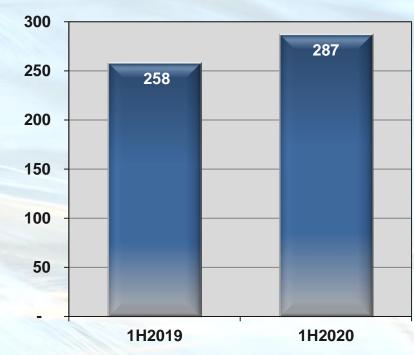
### **POULTRY DIVISION - CONSOLIDATED**

#### Revenue - R million



- Total revenue up 3.1%
  - Broiler sales volumes down 2.5%
  - Broiler sales realisations up 5.5%
  - Breeder revenue up R44 million

#### Operating profit - R million



- Operating profit up 11.5%
  - Broiler feed price up 6.0%
  - Net margin 5.1% 1H2019: 4.7%

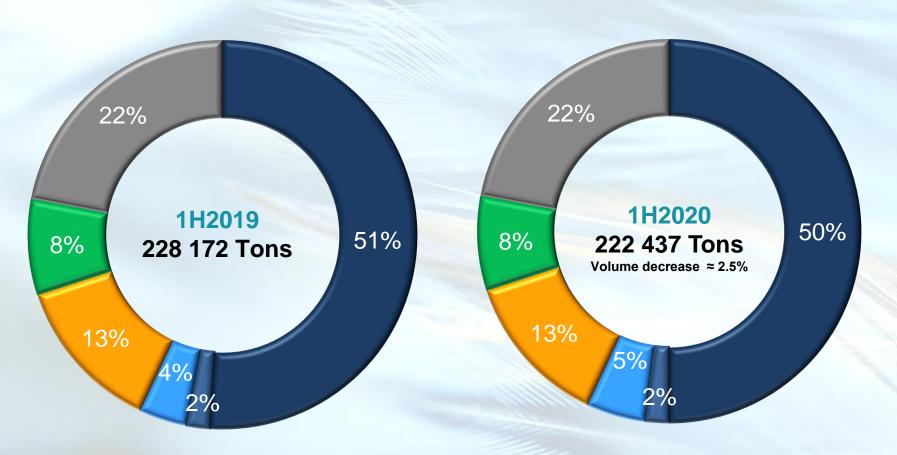


#### **POULTRY DIVISION - COMMERCIAL**

- Profits increased for the period under review
- Broiler selling prices increased with less promotional activity relative to the comparable period
- Broiler slaughter numbers at an average of 5.2 million birds per week were marginally up by 2.3% year-on-year
- Broiler sales volumes down due to a change in the point of recognition of a sale with the new third party distribution agreement, which is based on a consignment stock model
- Overhead expenses increased over the comparable period with the legislated national minimum wage (not included in 1Q2019), exacerbated by the impact of load shedding nationally and on-going water supply costs in Standerton



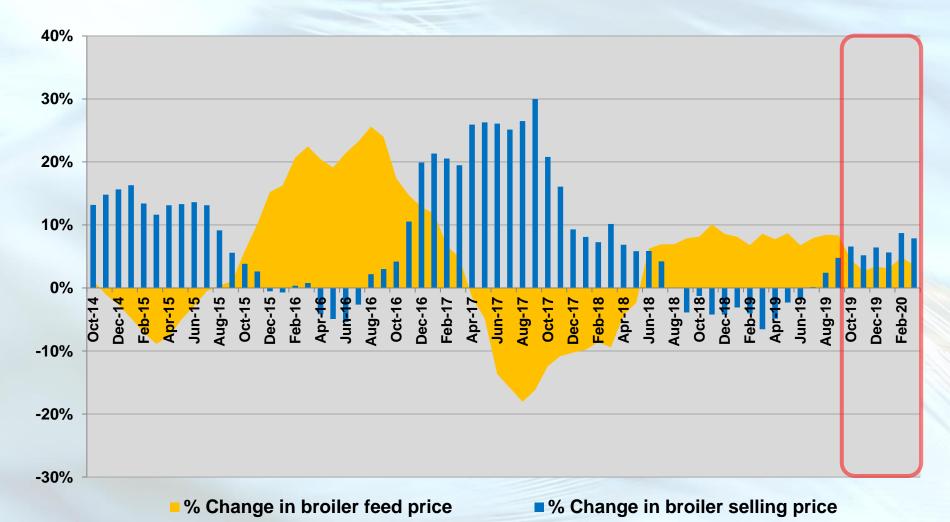
# **POULTRY DIVISION - PRODUCT MIX**



■ IQF Mixed Portions ■ IQF Single Portions ■ Frozen ■ Fresh ■ Value Added ■ Tertiary



#### CHANGE IN BROILER SELLING PRICE vs. FEED PRICE









**Gary Arnold Managing Director: Agriculture** 

# POULTRY DIVISION

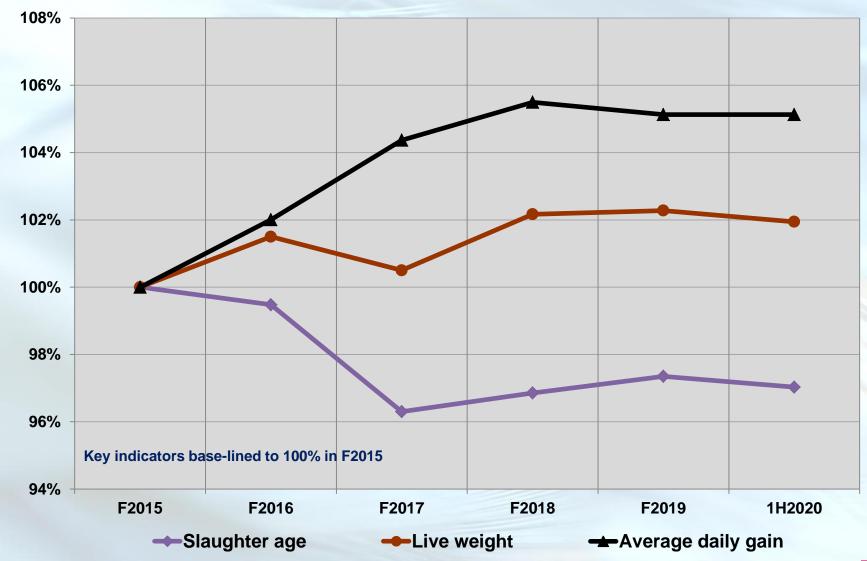
**Agriculture** 

#### **POULTRY DIVISION - AGRICULTURE**

- Parent stock sales were higher for the period under review as demand for the Ross genetics increased
- Parent breeder productions were good, with an improvement in the number of chicks per hen housed
- Demand for hatching eggs decreased as export markets came under pressure
- Feed input costs increased due to higher raw material costs adversely affecting the live bird production cost
- Further improvements in on-farm broiler production efficiencies, assisted broiler live cost through an improved feed conversion rate
- Highly pathogenic bird flu still prevalent in wild birds and ostriches, however no confirmed cases in commercial poultry since May 2018



### **BROILER PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE**





#### **BROILER PRODUCTION PERFORMANCE**





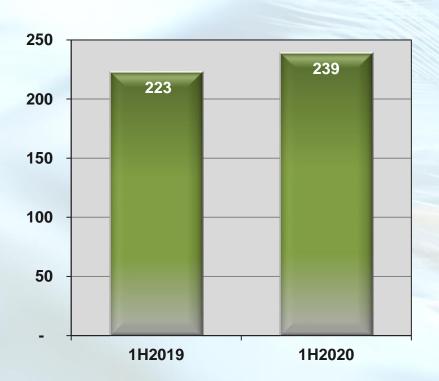


# OTHER AFRICA DIVISION

#### Business Overview

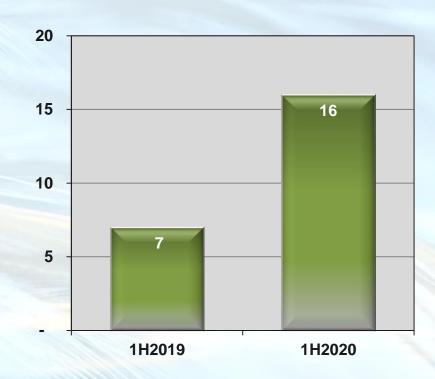
# OTHER AFRICA DIVISION (Zambia, Mozambique & Swaziland)

#### Revenue - R million



- Revenue up 7.0%
  - Sales volumes down 4.0%
  - Average selling prices up 11.5%

#### **Operating profit - R million**

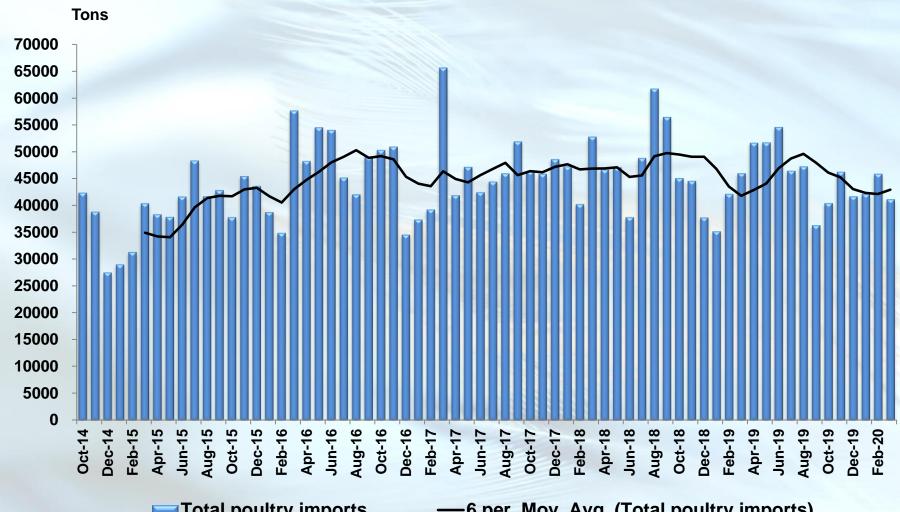


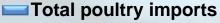
- Operating profit up 131.9%
  - Net margin 6.6% 1H2019: 3.0%
  - Mozambique provision for non-recovery of various taxes in 1H2019





#### **POULTRY IMPORTS PER MONTH**





6 per. Mov. Avg. (Total poultry imports)



#### **INDUSTRY OVERVIEW**

- Based on industry statistics current broiler slaughter numbers are an average of 19.6 million birds per week
- For the period under review the industry has remained stable with no consolidation or divestment
- Imports during the period averaged 42 907 tons per month (1H2019: 41 774 tons), equalling approximately 30% of total consumption
- An increase in the ad valorem import tariff on bone-in and boneless cuts of chicken was announced on the 13<sup>th</sup> March 2020
- The tariff on frozen bone-in chicken portions and boneless chicken cuts increased from 37% to 62% and 12% to 42% respectively
- The establishment of an oversight committee with representation from government and all stakeholders will lend support to the implementation of the Poultry Sector Master Plan





Daan Ferreira
Chief Financial Officer



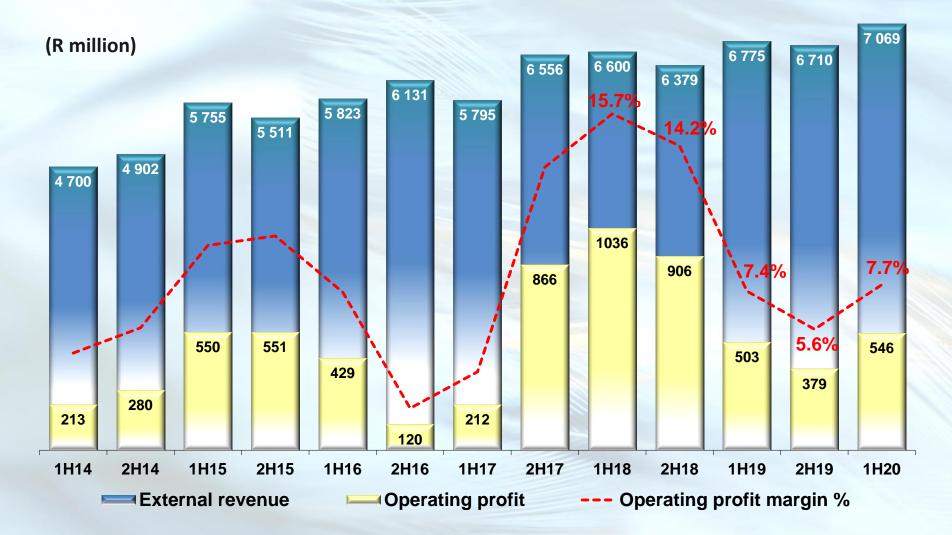
# FINANCIAL OVERVIEW

# **INCOME STATEMENT**

Six months ended 31 March	2020 R million	2019 R million	% change
Revenue	7 069	6 775	4%
Operating profit	546	503	8%
Operating profit margin	7.7%	7.4%	
Net finance (cost) / income	(27)	18	
Profit before tax	519	521	
Тах	(148)	(151)	
Profit for the period	371	370	
Headline earnings	369	368	
EPS – Cents	951	948	
HEPS – Cents	951	949	



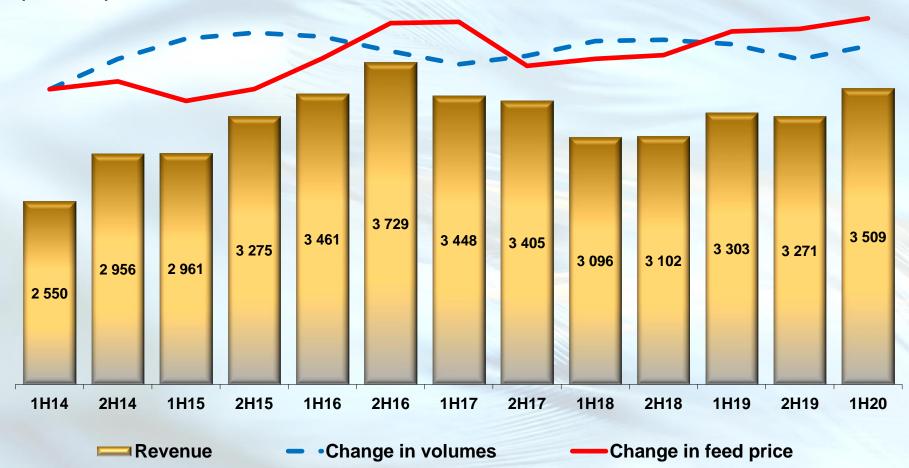
# **GROUP SIX MONTHLY REVENUE AND PROFITABILITY**





#### **FEED SIX MONTHLY REVENUE**

(R million)



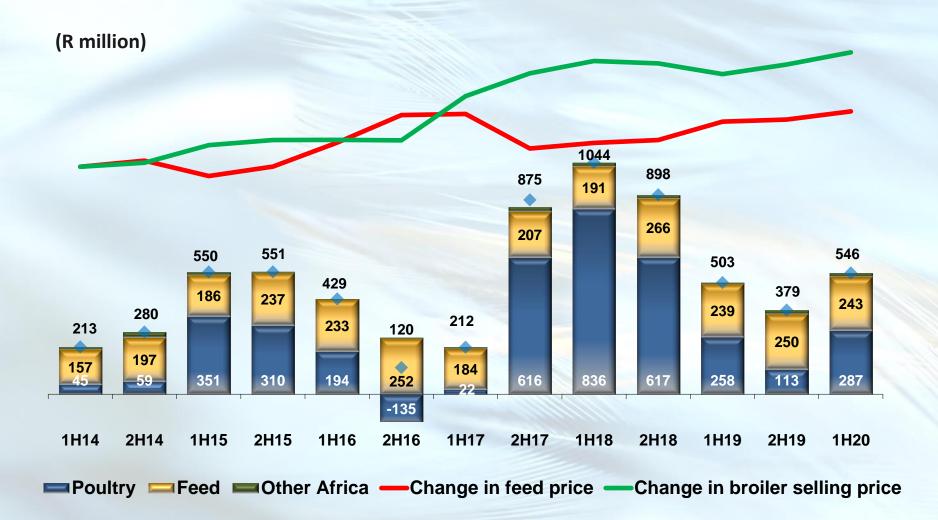


#### **POULTRY SIX MONTHLY REVENUE**





### **GROUP SIX MONTHLY OPERATING PROFIT**





# **BALANCE SHEET**

	March 2020 R million	September 2019 R million	% change
Non-current assets	3 148	2 658	18%
Right of use assets	645	-	
Net working capital	1 113	1 288	14%
Current assets (excl. cash)	3 148	2 982	6%
Current liabilities (excl. borrowings / leases)	(2 035)	(1 694)	20%
Non-current liabilities (excl. leases)	(744)	(705)	6%
Lease liabilities	(664)	-	
Net assets	3 498	3 241	8%
Net (surplus cash)	(470)	(555)	15%
Equity	3 968	3 796	5%
Total	3 498	3 241	8%



# **CAPITAL EXPENDITURE**

Six months en	ded 31 March
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#### **Depreciation**

Property, plant & equipment

Right of use assets

#### **Total capex spend**

Festive expansion (including advance payments)

Standerton silo upgrade

Other capex

#### **Outstanding commitments**

**Festive expansion** 

**Standerton silo complex** 

Other capex

1H2020	2H2019	1H2019
R million	R million	R million
197	88	88
91	88	88
106	-	-
311	312	345
249	217	223
5	11	30
57	84	92
342	537	753
245	435	651
7	11	22
90	91	80



#### **WORKING CAPITAL**

#### **Current assets**

**Biological assets** 

**Inventory** - Poultry

- Feed

- Other Africa

**Trade receivables** 

**Advance capex payments** 

Other receivables

**Current liabilities** 

**Trade payables** 

**Other payables** 

**Net working capital** 

March 2020	September 2019	Variance
R million	R million	R million
3 148	2 982	166
801	759	42
512	337	175
428	291	137
40	63	(23)
1 225	1 152	73
-	256	(256)
142	124	18
(2 035)	(1 694)	(341)
(1 491)	(1 133)	(358)
(544)	(561)	17
1 113	1 288	(175)



Six months ended 31 March	2020	2019
Six infolitiis ended 31 ivialtii	R million	R million
Cash operating profit	715	407
Share based payments	(24)	
Lease payments	(122)	-
	569	407
Working capital movement	(116)	100
	453	507
Tax paid	(71)	(131)
Net interest received	12	21
Capital expenditure	(311)	(345)
	83	52
Dividends paid	(165)	(409)
Other cash flow items	-	(1)
Movement in cash equivalents	(82)	(358)
Effect of exchange rate changes	(3)	-
Opening balance	555	789
Closing balance	470	431



#### **IN SUMMARY**

- Group operating profit up 8.5%
- Finance charges up
  - Change in accounting for leases
- No change in earnings for the period
  - ➤ Net impact of lease accounting R(14) million
- Net cash outflow of R82 million
  - Includes dividend paid of R165 million
  - Capital expenditure of R311 million
- Surplus cash at 31 March 2020 of R470 million
- No interim dividend declared
  - Uncertainty around seemingly indefinite lockdown





#### **NEGATIVE INFLUENCES EXACERBATED BY LOCKDOWN**

- Unprecedented unemployment rate expected following the hard lockdown, and resultant financial impact on businesses and the economy at large
- Consumer disposable income will be severely constrained, with a very slow recovery out of the lockdown as expected by most economists
- Exchange rate effect on input costs, with the Rand pricing of soya and maize negatively impacted
- Higher costs due to COVID-19 with constraints on global supply chains and price increases of essential inputs
- QSR sector shutdown (accounting for 20% of poultry consumed) and late payments, due to this market sector being impacted during the lockdown
- Product mix change resulting in a shift to lower margin products on slower fresh, value added and QSR sales
- Astral's capacity expansion delayed, due to project commissioning not being completed as a result of the lockdown



#### **POSITIVE INFLUENCES**

- All of Astral's operations are running like clockwork, and to date no disruptions have been experienced, with stringent social distancing, screening and employee welfare measures (sufficient PPE) implemented
- Above average maize crop for the 2020 harvest season, should result in favourable feed costs from August if not further impacted by local currency weakness
- Higher import tariffs on frozen bone-in portions announced in March 2020, should go some way in levelling the playing fields and discouraging unfair trade
- Production efficiency and product mix opportunities when the Festive expansion is completed
- Progressive genetic improvement of the Ross broiler breed will continue to support the group's best cost strategy





Astral's strategy is to be the best cost integrated poultry producer in selected African countries

**Confirmed August 2019** 



THANK YOU



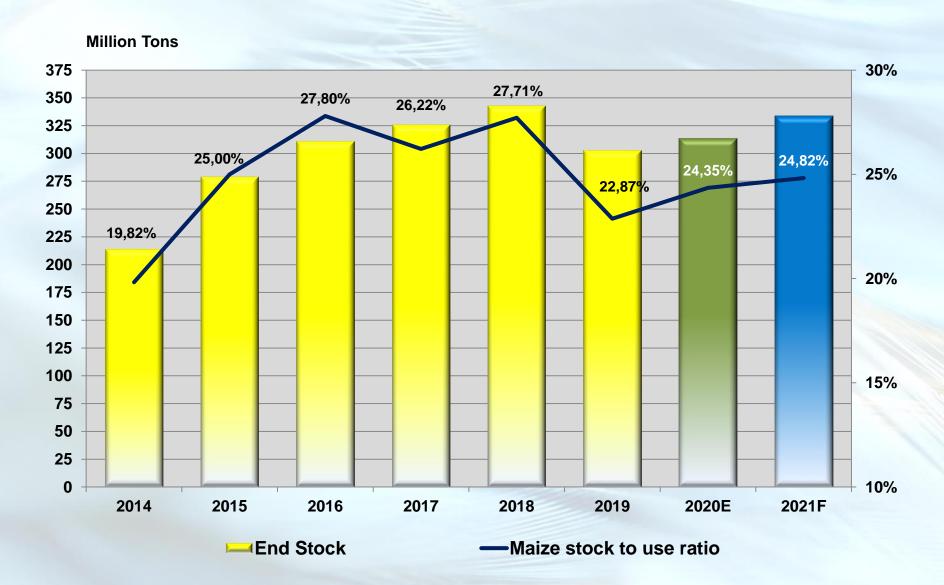
# ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

# **ACCOUNTING CONSIDERATIONS – MARCH 2020**

R million	Revenue	Expenses	Operating Profit	Finance Charges	Inventory	Other
Consignment distribution model			i			
Recognition of sales	(166)		(19)		132	
Recognition of distribution costs	69	69	1			
Leases – change in accounting			1			
Additional amortisation		106	1			
Reallocate lease payments		(122)	16	(35)		
Right-of-use asset						645
Lease liabilities						(664)
Service related costs						
Load shedding		23	(23)			
Water supply interruptions		13	(13)			
COVID-19 related	1					
Additional operating expenses	1	6	(6)			
Impairment finished goods			(15)		(15)	
Increased critical stock holding					` '	
Feed					75	
Poultry	1				36	
Total	(97)	95	(60)	(35)	228	(19)



#### **WORLD CORN ENDING STOCKS**



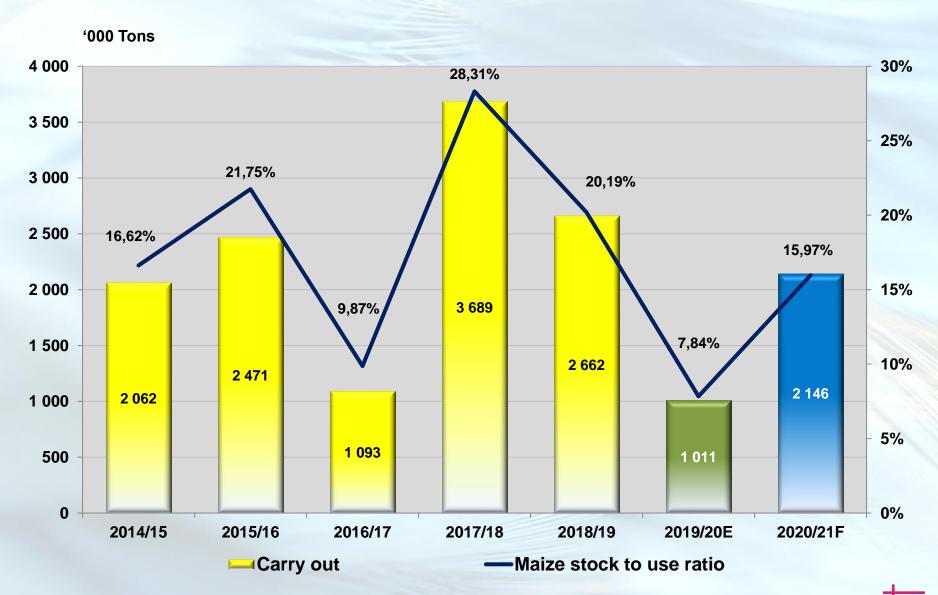


# **SOUTH AFRICA - TOTAL MAIZE SUPPLY & DEMAND**

Marketing year (May to April)	2014/15	2015/16	2016/17	2017/18	2018/19	2019/20E	2020/21F	
'000 tons	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Estimate	Forecast	
Carry In (1 May)	589	2 074	2 471	1 093	3 689	2 662	1 011	
Crop Estimate	14 250	9 955	7 779	16 820	12 510	11 275	15 222	
Retentions	433	163	309	1 191	495	539	650	
Sagis Delivery	13 817	9 794	7 469	15 629	11 984	10 736	14 572	
Minus early deliveries	0	0	450	0	0	0	0	
Imports	65	1 964	2 237	0	172	510	0	
Total Supply	14 471	13 831	11 727	16 722	15 845	13 909	15 583	
Domestic Usage Food	4 840	4 698	4 808	4 993	5 161	5 378	5 260	
Domestic Usage Feed	5 041	5 520	5 004	5 276	5 508	5 910	6 450	
Gristing, withdrawn & released	376	293	278	313	239	189	216	
Total Domestic Usage	10 257	10 512	10 090	10 583	10 907	11 477	11 926	
Exports & Sundries	2 153	848	993	2 451	2 276	1 421	1 510	
Plus early deliveries	0	0	450	0	0	0	0	
Carry Out (30 Apr)	2 062	2 471	1 093	3 689	2 662	1 011	2 146	
No of days usage	73	86	40	127	89	32	66	
STU	16,62%	21,75%	9,87%	28.31%	20,19%	7,84%	15,97%	

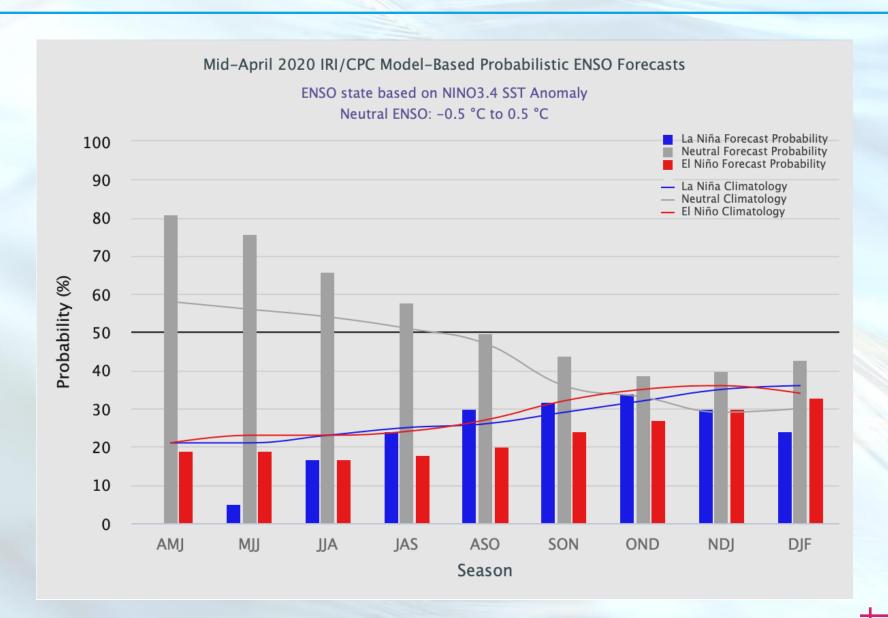


#### **SOUTH AFRICA – TOTAL MAIZE SUPPLY & DEMAND**





## **EL NIÑO SOUTHERN OSCILLATION - FORECAST**

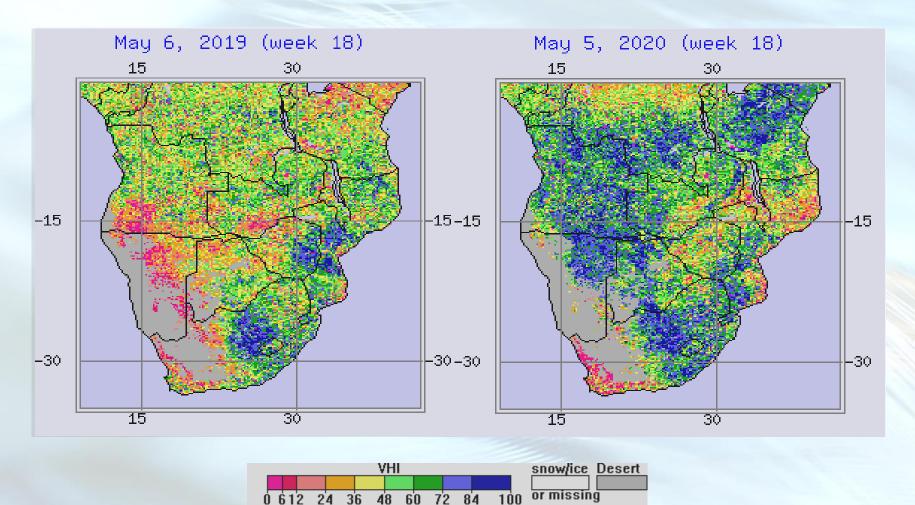




#### **SOUTHERN AFRICA - VEGETATIVE HEALTH INDEX**

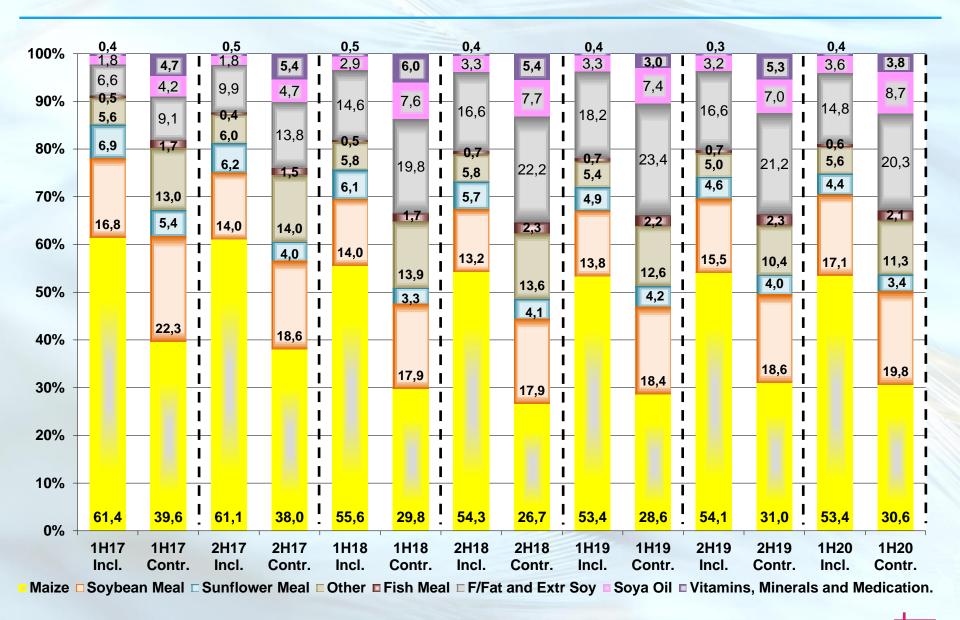
## VHI of previous year

#### VHI of current year



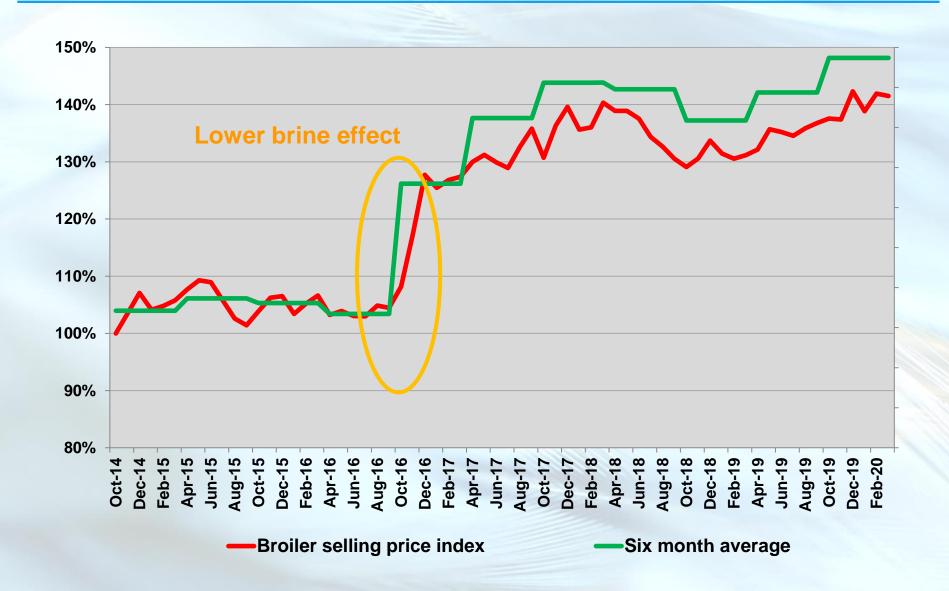


#### **BROILER FEED - INGREDIENT INCLUSION & COST CONTRIBUTION**



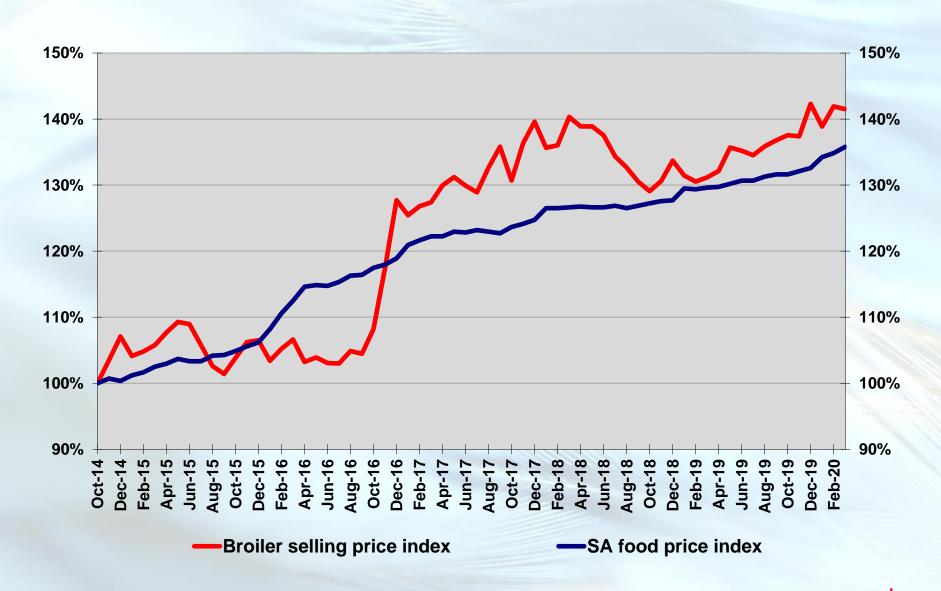


#### **BROILER SELLING PRICE**



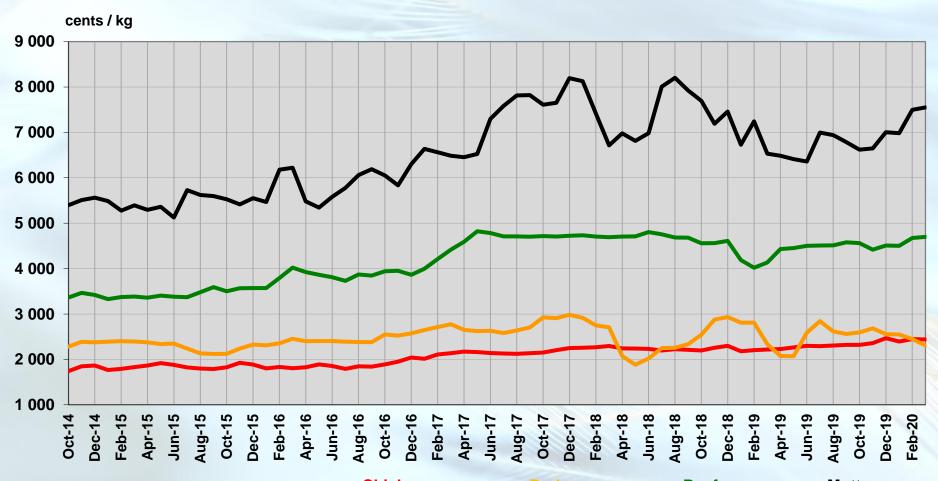


## **BROILER PRICE vs. FOOD PRICE INFLATION**





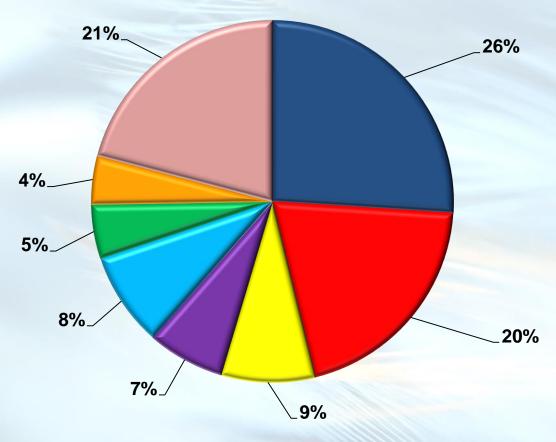
#### **SOUTH AFRICAN PROTEIN PRICE COMPARISON**



	Chicken	Pork	Beef	Mutton
Feed Conversion Rate	1.5	2.2	5.5	5.0
Per Capita Consumption	39,3 kg	5,1 kg	17,2 kg	3,1 kg



# **LOCAL BROILER PRODUCTION & MARKET SHARE**

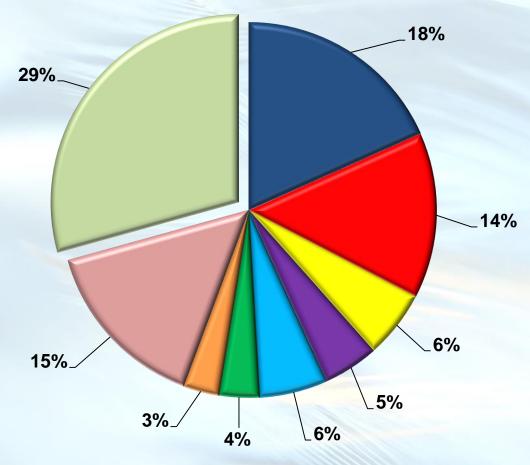


■ Astral ■ RCL □ Country Bird ■ Daybreak □ Sovereign ■ Grainfields □ Chubby Chick □ Other

Local broiler production ≈ 19.6 million birds per week



#### **LOCAL BROILER PRODUCTION & MARKET SHARE**

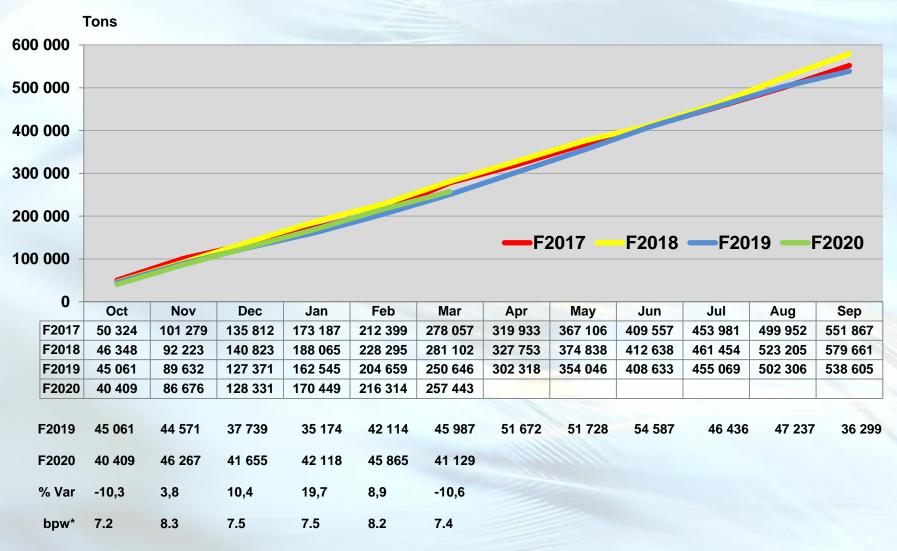


■ Astral ■ RCL ■ Country Bird ■ Daybreak ■ Sovereign ■ Grainfields ■ Chubby Chick ■ Other ■ Imports

Avg. poultry imports ≈ 7.7 million birds per week (6 months ending March 2020)



# **TOTAL POULTRY IMPORTS (CHICKEN, MDM, TURKEY)**



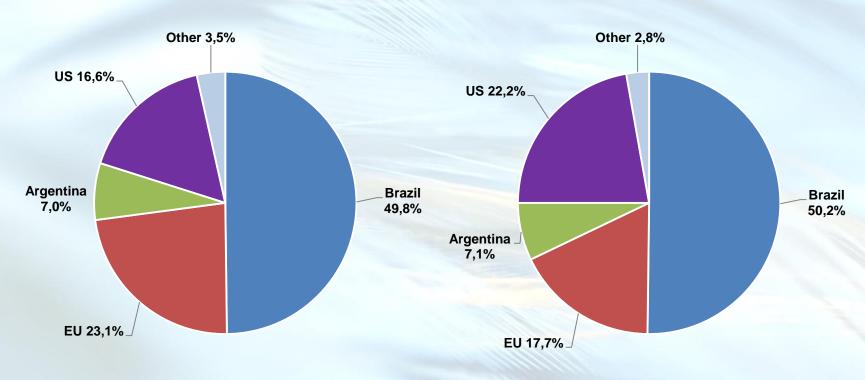
<sup>\*</sup>bpw ≈ million birds per week



#### **TOTAL POULTRY IMPORTS – COUNTRY OF ORIGIN**







538 605 tons

257 443 tons

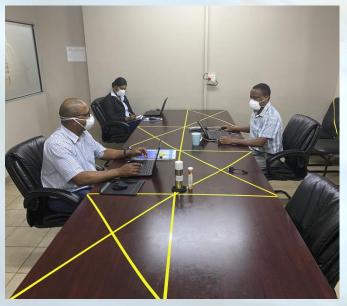


# **TOTAL POULTRY IMPORTS - COUNTRY OF ORIGIN**

Country	Imports (tons)				
	2018	2019	2020 YTD		
Brazil	348 155	268 869	64 844		
United States	91 374	89 598	28 722		
Poland	13 463	50 419	4 294		
Argentina	33 278	37 939	9 110		
Ireland	26 328	31 221	7 450		
Denmark	25 672	23 325	4 198		
Spain	4 932	18 824	6 495		
Thailand	9 011	8 728	1 003		
Canada	7 305	6 658	1 584		
Chile	4 362	2 341	454		
Australia	553	780	427		
Germany	222	326	46		
United Kingdom	231	224	0		
Netherlands	359	101	25		
Uruguay	323	52	135		
Belgium	23	52	0		
France	5	30	0.8		
Switzerland	97	23	0		
Swaziland	482	23	0		
Other	0	27	25		







































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